

For Release

FTC, Department of Labor Partner to Protect Workers from Anticompetitive, Unfair, and Deceptive Practices

New agreement establishes formal collaboration between agencies on issues affecting workers

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Tags: Consumer Protection | Competition | Bureau of Competition | Bureau of Consumer Protection

The Federal Trade Commission and the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) <u>signed a new agreement</u> that will bolster the FTC's efforts to protect workers by promoting competitive U.S. labor markets and putting an end to unfair, deceptive, and other unlawful acts and practices, as well as unfair methods of competition, that harm workers. The new memorandum of understanding (MOU) between the two agencies outlines ways in which the FTC and DOL will work together on key issues such as labor market concentration, one-sided contract terms, and labor developments in the "gig economy."

The MOU builds on the FTC's recent efforts to increase collaboration on issues facing workers, including the FTC's recent MOU with the National Labor Relations Board as well as the FTC's enforcement policy statement related to gig work.

"This agreement with the Department of Labor is part of our whole-of-government effort to protect workers from unlawful business practices," said FTC Chair Lina M. Khan. "Deepening our partnership with DOL will ensure that we can work collectively to tackle illegal conduct that suppresses wages, reduces access to good benefits and working conditions, and stifles economic liberty for workers across the economy."

"Protecting workers on the job and promoting fair markets requires a level playing field," said Solicitor of Labor Seema Nanda. "What's unfair for workers is also unfair for law-abiding employers, and this partnership will help both of our agencies combat unlawful behavior, such as misclassification and contract provisions that restrict accessible opportunities to our growing workforce. The Department of Labor is committed to ensuring equity and improving job quality for all workers, and we will not hesitate to enforce the laws that protect workers' rights. We look forward to working with the Federal Trade Commission to hold employers accountable and empower workers."

The new agreement enables the FTC and DOL to closely collaborate by sharing information, conducting cross-training for staff at each agency, and partnering on investigative efforts within each agency's authority. This MOU is in line with the President's Executive Order on Competition, which affirms the importance of enforcing antitrust laws to combat abuses of market power, including in labor markets.

The MOU identifies areas of mutual interest for the two agencies: collusive behavior; the use of business models designed to evade legal accountability, such as the misclassification of employees; illegal claims and disclosures about earnings and costs associated with work; the imposition of one-sided and restrictive contract provisions, such as non-compete and training repayment agreement provisions; the extent and impact of labor market concentration; and the impact of algorithmic decision-making on workers.

The agreement is part of a broader FTC initiative to use the agency's full authority, including enforcement actions and Commission rulemaking, to protect workers. The FTC has made it a priority to scrutinize mergers that may harm competition in U.S. labor markets. Research shows that these markets are already highly concentrated, and less competitive labor markets can enable firms to harm workers by lowering wages, reducing benefits, and perpetuating precarious or exploitative working conditions.

The FTC has also prioritized cracking down on anticompetitive contract terms that put workers at a disadvantage. The Commission is considering a <u>proposed rule that would ban noncompete clauses in employment contracts</u>, and has taken action to protect workers in several Commission orders. These include actions against <u>Anchor Glass</u>, <u>Ardagh Group</u>, <u>Prudential Security</u>, <u>I-O Glass</u>, <u>7-Eleven</u>, and <u>DaVita</u>.

In addition, the agency will continue to take action to stop deceptive and unfair acts and practices aimed at workers, particularly those in the "gig economy" who often don't enjoy the full protections of traditional employment relationships. The FTC's actions in this area include: cases against Amazon, Uber, HomeAdvisor, and Burgerim; an ongoing rulemaking to challenge bogus money-making claims; and a notice of penalty offenses sent to more than 1,100 businesses that pitch money-making ventures.

The memorandum of understanding was signed by FTC Chair Lina M. Khan and Acting Secretary of Labor Julie A. Su.

The Federal Trade Commission works to <u>promote competition</u>, and <u>protect and educate consumers</u>. The FTC will never demand money, make threats, tell you to transfer money, or promise you a prize. You can <u>learn more about consumer topics</u> and report scams, fraud, and bad business practices online at <u>ReportFraud.ftc.gov</u>. Follow the <u>FTC on social media</u>, read our <u>blogs</u> and <u>subscribe to press releases</u> for the latest FTC news and resources.

Press Release Reference

<u>Federal Trade Commission, National Labor Relations Board Forge New Partnership to Protect Workers from Anticompetitive, Unfair, and Deceptive Practices</u>

FTC to Crack Down on Companies Taking Advantage of Gig Workers

Contact Information

Contact for Consumers

FTC Consumer Response Center 877-382-4357 https://reportfraud.ftc.gov

Media Contact

<u>Jay Mayfield</u>
Office of Public Affairs
202-326-2656